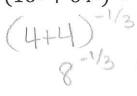
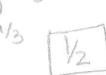
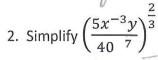
Chapter 11 Test B

1. Evaluate $(16^{\frac{1}{2}} + 64^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

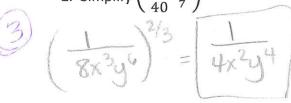






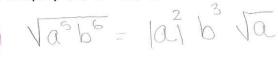






3. Simplify $\sqrt{a^2b} \cdot \sqrt{a^3b^5}$



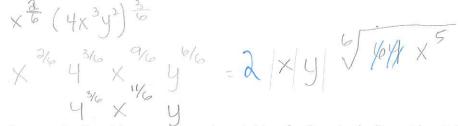


4. Express $\sqrt[4]{16xy^4}$ using rational exponents.



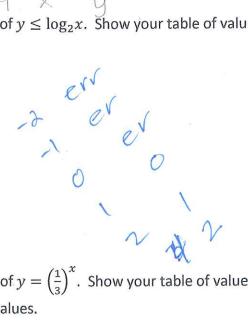
5. Express $x^{\frac{1}{3}}(4x^3y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ using only one type of radical.





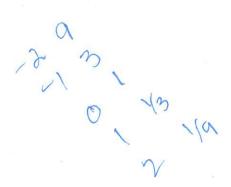


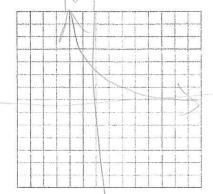
6. Sketch the graph of $y \leq \log_2 x$. Show your table of values including at least 5 values.

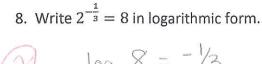


7. Sketch the graph of $y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$. Show your table of values including at least 5 values.









9. Write
$$log_4 256 = 4$$
 in exponential form.

10. Given that $\log 3 = 0.4771$ and $\log 5 = 0.6990$ find $\log 75$. SHOW YOUR WORK, do not just plug into calc.

$$\frac{3}{3} \log (3.5.5) = \log 3 + 2 \log 5$$

$$0.4771 + 2(0.6990)$$

$$(1.8751)$$

Solve each equation or inequality. Round answers to the nearest ten-thousandth if necessary.

11.
$$2\log_5 3 + \frac{1}{5}\log_5 32 = \log_5(2x - 4)$$

$$3^{3}(32^{5}) = 2x - 4$$

$$18 = 2x - 4$$

$$2x = 22$$

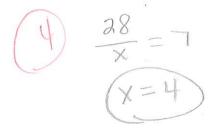
$$x = 11$$

12.
$$\log_9 x + \log_9 (x - 2) = \log_9 3$$

$$(x-2)=3$$

 $(x-3)(x+1)=0$
 $(x-3)(x+1)=0$

13.
$$\log_3 28 - \log_3 x = \log_3 7$$



14.
$$\log(10x) = \log(4x + 12)$$

15.
$$4^{2x-1} \ge 2^{x+3}$$

$$(2x-1) \log 4 \ge (x+3) \log^2 2$$

$$2x \log 4 - \log 4 \ge x \log^2 2 + 3\log^2 2$$

$$2x \log 4 - x \log 2 \ge 3\log^2 2 + \log^4 2$$

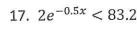
$$x (2\log 4 - \log 2) \ge 3\log^2 2 + \log^4 2$$

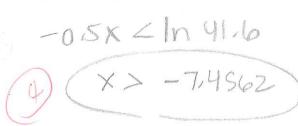
$$x (2\log 4 - \log^2 2) \ge 3\log^2 2 + \log^4 2$$

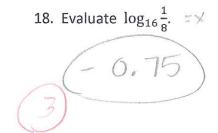
16.
$$5.4e^{0.28} = 2e^{t+2}$$

In $2.7 + 0.28t + 12$
 $-1.0067 = 0.72t$









$$16^{x} = \frac{1}{8}$$
 $16^{x} = 8^{-1}$
 $16^{x} = 8^{-1}$
 $16^{x} = 3^{3}$
 $16^{x} = 3^{3}$
 $16^{x} = 3^{3}$

19. Compare an investment of \$2700 earning 8% interest for 5 years when it is compounded continuously versus one that is compounded quarterly.

arterly.
$$2700 \left(1 + \frac{0.08}{4}\right)^{20}$$





20. In 2000, the deer population in a certain area was 800. The number of deer increases exponentially at a rate of 7% per year. Predict the population in 2013.





21. What interest rate is required for an investment with continuously compounded interest to double in 8 years?



$$\frac{202}{8} = 0.087$$



22. If you won \$250,000 in the lottery and you wanted that to accumulate to \$5 million for your retirement in 40 years what average annual investment rate would be necessary for you to invest at?



$$30 = e^{40}$$



23. The data gives the number of bacteria, in millions, found in a certain culture.

| Time (hours) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
|--------------|----|----|----|---|---|--|
| Bacteria | 48 | 26 | 15 | 8 | 5 | |

a. Find an exponential function that models the data.



b. Write the equation from part a in terms of base e.

c. Use the model to estimate the half-time for the culture.

24-46,7906 +

$$\ln 0.5129 = -0.5702 \times$$

X=1,1709 hrs

Extra Credit

A. Solve $3^{x-3} \ge 2\sqrt[4]{4^{x-1}}$

X = 4,8434

B. Taylor wishes to invest enough money now in order to have \$100,000 in twenty years. How much less can she invest at 10% interest in an account in which the interest rate is compounded continuously rather than in one at the same rate that is compounded annually?

14,864.36

3533.63

[330.83 | 855

C. A certain bacteria will triple in 6 hours. If the final count is 8 times the original count, how much time has passed.

K=0.1831

8 N= No ex 11 hours 21 min