Use  $\triangle LMN$  to find sin L, cos L, tan L, sin M, cos M, and tan M. Express each ratio as a fraction and as a decimal to the

nearest hundredth.

1. 
$$\ell = 15, m = 36, n = 39$$

1.  $\ell = 15, m = 36, n = 39$ 2.  $\ell = 12, m = 12\sqrt{3}, n = 24$ Sin  $L = \frac{12}{24} = 0$ Sin L = = = = 0,38

$$2\ell = 12, m = 12\sqrt{3}, n = 24$$

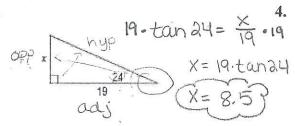
Sin L= 12 = 0.50 Sin M= 124 = 0.87

Sin L =  $\frac{15}{10} = \frac{15}{39} = 0.38$ Cos L =  $\frac{13}{10} = \frac{36}{39} = 0.92$ Tan L =  $\frac{12}{12\sqrt{3}} = 0.87$ Cos M =  $\frac{12}{34} = 0.50$ Tan L =  $\frac{12}{12\sqrt{3}} = 0.71$ Tan M =  $\frac{12}{12} = \frac{12}{12\sqrt{3}} = 0.71$ 

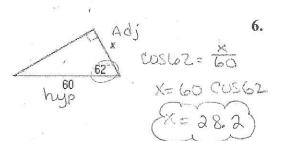
Tan L= @ = 15 = 0.42

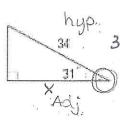
Sin M = 36 = 0.92

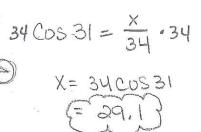
Cos M = 15/39 = 0.38Find x. Round to the nearest tenth.

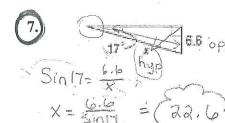


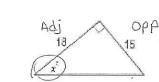
$$Sin \times = \frac{12}{17}$$
 $Sin \times = \frac{12}{17}$ 
 $= \frac{12}{17}$ 
 $= \frac{12}{17}$ 









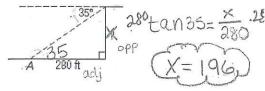


tan x = 15/8 x=tan-1 (15/18) = (39.8°)

Solve each problem. Round measures of segments to the nearest whole number and angles to the nearest degree.

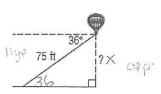
(8.)

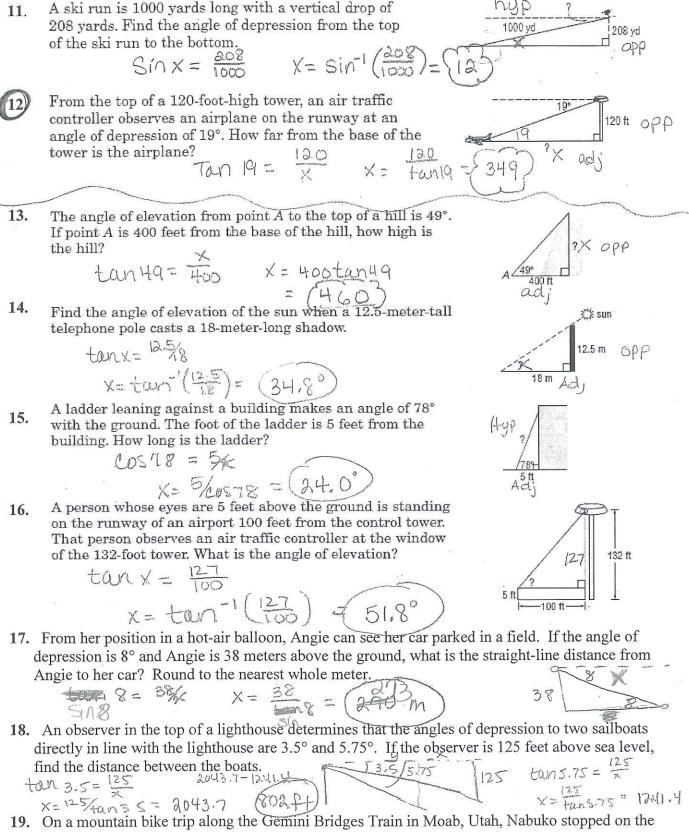
The angle of depression from the top of a sheer cliff to 9. point A on the ground is 35°. If point A is 280 feet from the base of the cliff, how tall is the cliff?



The angle of depression from a balloon on a 75-foot string to a person on the ground is 36°. How high is the balloon?

Sin 36 = 5 X= 75 Sin 36= > 44





19. On a mountain bike trip along the Gemini Bridges Train in Moab, Utah, Nabuko stopped on the canyon floor to get a good view of the twin sandstone bridges. Nabuko is standing about 60 meters from the base of the canyon cliff, and the natural arch bridges are about 100 meters up the canyon wall. If her line of sight is five feet above the ground, what is the angle of elevation to the top of the bridges? Round to the nearest tenth of a degree.

