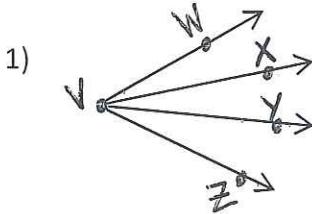


NAME: _____ DATE: _____ HOUR: _____

2.8 Two-Column Proof Practice

#5 & 6 may want to do
on own

For each proof below, use the pieces in the Proof Bank to help you fill in the 2 column proof provided. Each piece in the Proof Bank is only used once!

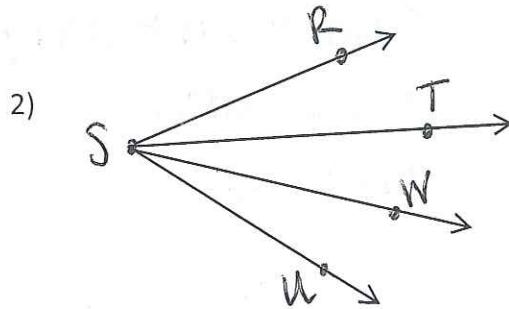


Given: \overrightarrow{VX} bisects $\angle WVY$, \overrightarrow{VY} bisects $\angle XVZ$

Prove: $\angle WVX \cong \angle YVZ$

Statements	Reason
1) \overrightarrow{VX} bisects $\angle WVY$, \overrightarrow{VY} bisects $\angle XVZ$	1) Given
2) $\angle X V Y \cong \angle Y V Z$	2) Def of L bisector
3) $\angle W V X \cong \angle X V Y$	3) Definition of Angle Bisector
4) $\angle W V X \cong \angle Y V Z$	4) Transitive Property

Proof Bank
Definition of Angle Bisector ✓
$\angle W V X \cong \angle X V Y$ ✓
Given ✓
Transitive Property ✓
$\angle W V X \cong \angle Y V Z$ ✓



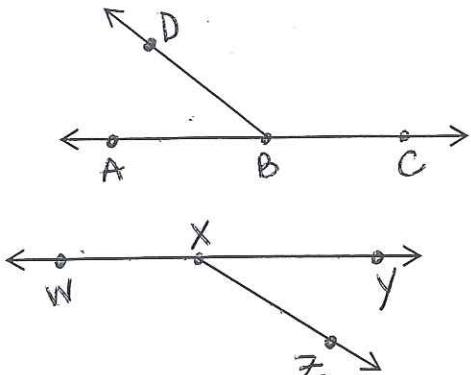
Given: $m\angle RSW = m\angle TSU$

Prove: $m\angle RST = m\angle WSU$

Proof Bank
$m\angle RST + m\angle TSW = m\angle TSW + m\angle WSU$ ✓
Subtraction Property ✓
Angle Addition Postulate ✓
$m\angle RST = m\angle WSU$
Angle Addition Postulate ✓
$m\angle RSW = m\angle TSU$ ✓

Statements	Reasons
1) $m\angle RSW = m\angle TSU$	1) Given
2) $m\angle RST + m\angle TSW = m\angle RSW$	2) Angle Add Post
3) $m\angle TSW + m\angle WSU = m\angle TSU$	3) Angle Add Post
4) $m\angle RST + m\angle TSW = m\angle TSW + m\angle WSU$	4) Substitution
5) $m\angle RST + m\angle TSW - m\angle TSW = m\angle TSW - m\angle TSW + m\angle WSU$	5) Subtraction Property
7) $m\angle RST = m\angle WSU$	7) Substitution

3)



Statements

Proof Bank

Subtraction Property ✓

Given ✓

$m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ = 180^\circ$ ✓

Definition of Congruence ✓

Substitution ✓

$m\angle YXZ + m\angle DBC = m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ$ ✓

$m\angle ABD + m\angle DBC = 180^\circ$ ✓

$m\angle ABD = m\angle YXZ$ ✓

Substitution ✓

Reasons

9/9

1) $\angle ABD \cong \angle YXZ$

$\angle ABD$ and $\angle CBD$ form a linear pair
 $\angle YXZ$ and $\angle WXZ$ form a linear pair

2) $m\angle ABD = m\angle YXZ$

3) $m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ = 180^\circ$

4) $m\angle ABD + m\angle DBC = 180^\circ$

5) $m\angle ABD + m\angle DBC = m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ$

6) $m\angle YXZ + m\angle DBC = m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ$

7) $m\angle YXZ - m\angle YXZ + m\angle DBC = m\angle YXZ - m\angle YXZ + m\angle WXZ$

8) $m\angle DBC = m\angle WXZ$

9) $\angle DBC \cong \angle WXZ$

1) Given

2) Definition of Congruence

3) Definition of Linear Pair

4) Definition of Linear Pair

5) Substitution

6) Substitution

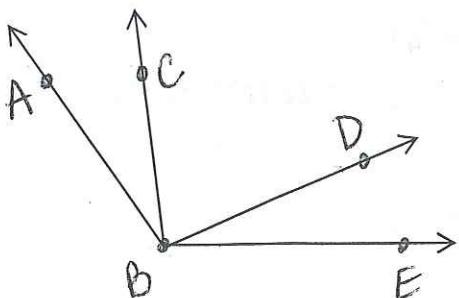
7) Subtraction Property

8) Substitution

9) Def of \cong

For each of the following proofs, fill in the missing Statements or Reasons. You are not given the missing pieces this time!!

4) Given: $\angle ABC \cong \angle DBE$

Prove: $\angle ABD \cong \angle CBE$ 

Statements

7/7

Reasons

1) Given

2) Def of \cong

3) Angle Add Post

4) Angle Add Post

5) Substitution

6) Transitive

7) Def of \cong

1) $\angle ABC \cong \angle DBE$

2) $m\angle ABC = m\angle DBE$

3) $m\angle ABC + m\angle CBD = m\angle ABD$

4) $m\angle CBD + m\angle DBE = m\angle CBE$

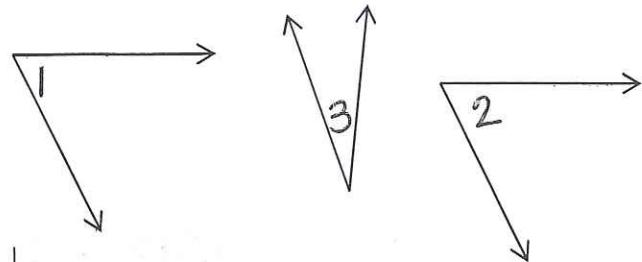
5) $m\angle DBE + m\angle CBD = m\angle ABD$

6) $m\angle CBE = m\angle ABD$

7) $\angle ABD \cong \angle CBE$

- 5) Given: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 3$ are complementary angles
 $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$ are complementary angles

Prove: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$



Statements

Reasons

- 1) $\angle 1 \text{ and } \angle 3 \text{ are comp Ls}$
 $\angle 2 \text{ and } \angle 3 \text{ are comp Ls}$
- 2) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 3 = 90$
- 3) $m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 90$
- 4) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 3 = m\angle 2 + m\angle 3$
- 5) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 3 - m\angle 3 = m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 - m\angle 3$
- 6) $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$
- 7) $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

1) Given

2) Definition of Complementary Angles

3) Definition of Complementary Angles

4) Substitution

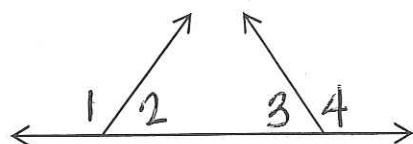
5) Subtraction

6) Substitution

7) Definition of Congruence

- 6) Given: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are supplementary angles
 $\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary angles
 $\angle 1 \cong \angle 4$

Prove: $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$



Statements

Reasons

- 1) $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are supplementary angles
 $\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary angles
 $\angle 1 \cong \angle 4$
- 2) $m\angle 1 = m\angle 4$
- 3) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 180$
- 4) $m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 = 180$
- 5) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 4$
- 6) $m\angle 4 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 4$
- 7) $m\angle 4 - m\angle 4 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 - m\angle 4$
- 8) $m\angle 2 = m\angle 3$
- 9) $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$

1) Given

2) Def of \cong

3) Def of supp Ls

4) Def of Supp Ls

5) Substitution

6) Substitution

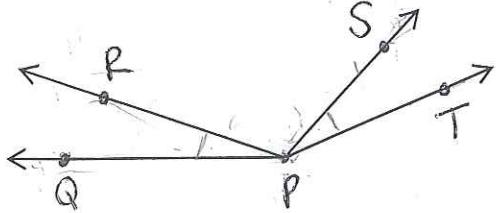
7) Subtraction Prop

8) Substitution

9) Def of \cong

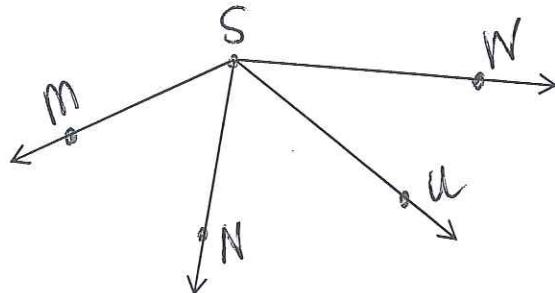
For each of the following proofs, write your own 2-Column Proof.

- 7) Given: $\angle QPS \cong \angle TPR$
 Prove: $\angle QPR \cong \angle TPS$



Statements	Reasons
1) $\angle QPS \cong \angle TPR$	1) Given
2) $m\angle QPS = m\angle TPR$	2) Def of \cong
3) $m\angle QPR + m\angle RPS = m\angle QPS$	3) Angle Add Post
4) $m\angle RPS + m\angle SPT = m\angle RPT$	4) Angle Add Post
5) $m\angle QPR + m\angle RPS = m\angle RPS + m\angle SPT$	5) Substitution
6) $m\angle QPR + m\angle RPS - m\angle RPS = m\angle RPS - m\angle RPS + m\angle SPT$	6) Subtraction prop
7) $m\angle QPR = m\angle SPT$	7) Substitution
8) $\angle QPR \cong \angle TPS$	8) Def of \cong

- 8) Given: \overrightarrow{SN} bisects $\angle MSU$, \overrightarrow{SU} bisects $\angle NSW$
 Prove: $\angle MSN \cong \angle USW$



Statements	Reasons
1) \overrightarrow{SN} bisects $\angle MSU$ & \overrightarrow{SU} bisects $\angle NSW$	1) Given
2) $\angle MSN \cong \angle NSU$	2) Def of \angle bisector
3) $\angle NSU \cong \angle USW$	3) Def of \angle bisector
4) $\angle MSN \cong \angle USW$	4) Transitive Property